**PAEDIATRIC ANAESTHETIST SKILLS CHECKLIST**

**ZAHLE PEDIATRIC PROJECT**

**First Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Last Name \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

**Date \_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_ Email\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_\_**

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| **Details of Training in Paediatric Anaesthesia** |

Indicate your **paediatric** anaesthesia experience during your post-graduate training.

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| **Training Activity** | **Start-Finish** | **Duration** | **Hospital/City/Country** |
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| **Current Clinical Practice of Paediatric Anaesthesia** |

Indicate the number of paediatric anaesthetics peformed in the **LAST 2 YEARS**.

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| **Category** | **No of cases** |
| Newborns - 6 Months: ASA Physical Status I & II |  |
| Newborns - 6 Months: ASA Physical Status III & IV |  |
| 6 Months - 6 Years: ASA Physical Status I & II |  |
| 6 Months - 6 Years: ASA Physical Status III & IV |  |
| 6 Years - 12 Years: ASA Physical Status I & II |  |
| 6 Years - 12 Years: ASA Physical Status III & IV |  |

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| **Expertise in Paediatric Surgery Disease/Procedures** |

Please indicate the level of experience in the anaesthetic management of these surgical pathologies or procedures using the following scale:

A: Two plus years current experience; can function independently.

B: One to two years experience

C: Intermittent experience

D: Theoretical knowledge only

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| Epiglottitis A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Tracheoesphogeal fistula A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Retropharyngeal abscess A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Inguinal hernia A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Adenotonsillectomy A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Insussuseption A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Acutely bleeding tonsil A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Omphalocele and gastroschisis A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Esophageal foreign body A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Pyloric stenosis A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Tracheal or bronchial foreign body A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Necrotizing enterocolitis A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Myringotomy and tube placement A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Pediatric trauma A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Lacrimal duct probing A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Pediatric burns A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Open global injury A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Pediatric congenital heart disease A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Strabismus A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Myleomeningocele A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Cleft lip or palate A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Scoliosis A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Hydrocephalus with VP shunt A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕  Upper and lower GI endoscopy A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Craniosynostosis A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕  Dental care under anesthesia A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |

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| **Expertise in paediatric anaesthesia procedures** |

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| Cardiopulmonary resuscitation | Vascular access |
| Neonate A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Peripheral venous cannulation A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Infant A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Central venous cannulation A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Child A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Arterial cannulation A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Basic airway management | Intraosseous needle insertion A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Bag-mask ventilation A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Dialysis catheter insertion A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Oropharyngeal airway insertion A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Venous cut down A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Nasopharyngeal airway insertion A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Mask induction of anaesthesia A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Laryngeal mask airway(sizes < 3) A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Ketamine sedation A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Rapid sequence induction A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Total Intravenous anaesthesia (TIVA) A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Tracheal intubation | Volatile anaesthesia |
| Oral A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Sevoflurane A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Nasal A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Isoflurane A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Fiberoptic A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Mechanical ventilation |
| Difficult airway management | Volume controlled A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Eschmann stylet (bougie) A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Pressure controlled A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Needle cricothyroidotomy A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Pressure support A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Surgical cricothyroidotomy A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Jet ventilation A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Non-invasive ventilation | Supraorbital/supratrochlear blocks A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| CPAP A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Greater occipital nerve block A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| BiPAP A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Infraorbital block A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Neuromuscular twitch monitoring A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Greater auricular nerve block A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Neuraxial anesthesia | llioinguinal & iliohypogastric block A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Spinal anaesthesia A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Penile block A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Epidural anaesthesia A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Echo-guided peripheral nerve blocks A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Caudal anaesthesia A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Acute pain management |
| Peripheral nerve blocks | Patient-controlled narcotic analgesia A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Axillary nerve block A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Peripheral nerve catheter analgesia A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Femoral nerve block A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Nitrous oxide analgesia A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Lateral femoral cutaneous block A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Chronic pain management |
| Fascia iliaca block A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Sickle cell disease A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Sciatic nerve block A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Oncologic pain A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Politeal nerve block A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Reflex sympathetic dystrophy A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Ankle block A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Point of care testing A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |
| Intracostal nerve block A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ | Debrillation/cardioversion A ⎕ B ⎕ C ⎕ D ⎕ |